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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER

TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES

11345.033001

DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US)

U.S. APPLICATION NO. (IF KNOWN, SEE 37 CFR

CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371

09/831477

INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO.

INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE

PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED

PCT/IB99/01841

5 November, 1999

9 November, 1998

TITLE OF INVENTION

SIGNALLING OF BOUQUET INFORMATION IN A DIGITAL TRANSMISSION SYSTEM

APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US

Francois REY and Philippe POULAIN

Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:

1. ☒ This is a **FIRST** submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.
2. ☐ This is a **SECOND** or **SUBSEQUENT** submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.
3. ☒ This is an express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)) at any time rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1).
4. ☒ A proper Demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by the 19th month from the earliest claimed priority date.
5. ☒ A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371 (c) (2))
 - a. ☐ is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).
 - b. ☒ has been transmitted by the International Bureau.
 - c. ☐ is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US).
6. ☒ A translation of the International Application into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)).
7. ☒ A copy of the International Search Report (PCT/ISA/210).
8. ☒ Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(3))
 - a. ☐ are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).
 - b. ☐ have been transmitted by the International Bureau.
 - c. ☐ have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired.
 - d. ☒ have not been made and will not be made.
9. ☐ A translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)).
10. ☒ An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(4)).
11. ☒ A copy of the International Preliminary Examination Report (PCT/PEA/409).
12. ☐ A translation of the annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(5)).

Items 13 to 20 below concern document(s) or information included:

13. ☒ An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.
14. ☒ An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included.
15. ☒ A **FIRST** preliminary amendment.
16. ☐ A **SECOND** or **SUBSEQUENT** preliminary amendment.
17. ☐ A substitute specification.
18. ☐ A change of power of attorney and/or address letter.
19. ☒ Certificate of Mailing by Express Mail
20. ☒ Other items or information:



22511

PATENT TRADEMARK OFFICE

Written Opinion

U.S. APPLICATION NO. (IF KNOWN, SEE 37 CFR 1.53) 09/831477		INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. PCT/IB99/01841		ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER 11345.033001	
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21. The following fees are submitted: BASIC NATIONAL FEE (37 CFR 1.492 (a) (1) - (5)) : <input type="checkbox"/> Neither international preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) nor international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO and International Search Report not prepared by the EPO or JPO \$970.00 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) not paid to USPTO but International Search Report prepared by the EPO or JPO \$840.00 <input type="checkbox"/> International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) not paid to USPTO but international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO \$690.00 <input type="checkbox"/> International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) but all claims did not satisfy provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4) \$670.00 <input type="checkbox"/> International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) and all claims satisfied provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4) \$96.00				CALCULATIONS PTO USE ONLY	
ENTER APPROPRIATE BASIC FEE AMOUNT =				\$840.00	
Surcharge of \$130.00 for furnishing the oath or declaration later than months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492 (c)). <input type="checkbox"/> 20 <input type="checkbox"/> 30				\$0.00	
CLAIMS	NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE		
Total claims	30 - 20 =	10	x \$18.00	\$180.00	
Independent claims	7 - 3 =	4	x \$78.00	\$312.00	
Multiple Dependent Claims (check if applicable). <input type="checkbox"/>				\$0.00	
TOTAL OF ABOVE CALCULATIONS =				\$1,332.00	
Reduction of 1/2 for filing by small entity, if applicable. Verified Small Entity Statement must also be filed (Note 37 CFR 1.9, 1.27, 1.28) (check if applicable). <input type="checkbox"/>				\$0.00	
SUBTOTAL =				\$1,332.00	
Processing fee of \$130.00 for furnishing the English translation later than months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492 (f)). <input type="checkbox"/> 20 <input type="checkbox"/> 30				\$0.00	
TOTAL NATIONAL FEE =				\$1,332.00	
Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 CFR 1.21(h)). The assignment must be accompanied by an appropriate cover sheet (37 CFR 3.28, 3.31) (check if applicable). <input type="checkbox"/>				\$0.00	
TOTAL FEES ENCLOSED =				\$1,332.00	
				Amount to be refunded	\$
				charged	\$


☒ A check in the amount of **\$1,332.00** to cover the above fees is enclosed.
☐ Please charge my Deposit Account No. _____ in the amount of _____ to cover the above fees.
 A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.
☒ The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. **50-0591** A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.

NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137(a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.

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 33,986
 REGISTRATION NUMBER
 5/26/01
 DATE

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING BY "EXPRESS MAIL" (37 CFR 1.10)

Applicant(s): **Francois REY et al.**

Docket No.

11345.033001

Serial No.

Filing Date

May 9, 2001

Examiner

Group Art Unit

Invention: **SIGNALLING OF BOUQUET INFORMATION IN A DIGITAL TRANSMISSION SYSTEM**

I hereby certify that the following correspondence:

US National Phase Application

(Identify type of correspondence)

is being deposited with the United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee" service under 37 CFR 1.10 in an envelope addressed to: The Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, D.C. 20231 on

May 9, 2001

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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant: François REY et al. Art Unit:
Serial No.: Examiner:
Filed: May 9, 2001
Title: SIGNALLING OF BOUQUET INFORMATION IN A DIGITAL
TRANSMISSION SYSTEM

Box PCT Patent Application
Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Washington, DC 20231

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Dear Sir:

Before examining the referenced application on the merits, please amend the application as outlined below:

In the Claims: (A copy of the marked up claims is attached as appendix A.)

Please amend the claims as follows:

--3. (Amended) A method as claimed in claim 1, in which a generalised table comprising a list of bouquet identity values associated with a plurality of the transport streams in the network is provided, this generalised table being transmitted in each of the corresponding transport streams in the network.

5. (Amended) A method as claimed in claim 1, in which a transport stream is provided comprising a generalised table comprising a list of bouquet identity values associated with at least some of the transport streams of another network.

6. (Amended) A method as claimed in claim 1, in which a transport stream specific table is transmitted in a transport stream, the transport stream specific table comprising a list of bouquet identity values associated with that particular transport stream.

9. (Amended) A method as claimed in claim 6, further comprising transmitting in one transport stream a table comprising a list of bouquet identity values associated with another transport stream.

10. (Amended) A method as claimed in claim 1, in which all bouquet association tables in a network are identified with a predetermined packet id and table id value.

20. (Amended) A signal as claimed in claim 18, in which a transport stream is provided comprising a generalised table comprising a list of bouquet identity values associated with at least some of the transport streams of another network.

24. (Amended) A signal as claimed in claim 21, further comprising in one transport stream a table comprising a list of bouquet identity values associated with another transport stream.

25. (Amended) A signal as claimed in claim 17, in which all bouquet association tables in a digital communication network are identified with a predetermined packet id and table id value.--

Please cancel claims 12, 16, and 33-37.

REMARKS

The claims have been amended to remove multiple dependencies and to correct antecedent basis errors. No amendments have been made for reasons relating to patentability.

No new matter has been introduced by way of this amendment. Full examination and favorable action are requested.

Please charge any fees, or make any credits, to Deposit Account No. 500-591,
Reference No. 11345.033001.

Date: 5/2/01



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APPENDIX A: MARKED UP CLAIMS

The material that has been deleted from the claims is shown in boldface text within brackets. Newly added matter is underlined.

3. A method as claimed in claim 1 **[or 2]**, in which a generalised table comprising a list of bouquet identity values associated with a plurality of the transport streams in the network is provided, this generalised table being transmitted in each of the corresponding transport streams in the network.

5. A method as claimed in claim 1 **[any preceding claim]**, in which a transport stream is provided comprising a generalised table comprising a list of bouquet identity values associated with at least some of the transport streams of another network.

6. A method as claimed in claim 1 **[or 2]**, in which a transport stream specific table is transmitted in a transport stream, the transport stream specific table comprising a list of bouquet identity values associated with that particular transport stream.

9. A method as claimed in **[any of claims 6 to 8]** claim 6, further comprising transmitting in one transport stream a table comprising a list of bouquet identity values associated with another transport stream.

10. A method as claimed in claim 1 **[any preceding claim]**, in which all bouquet association tables in a network are identified with a predetermined packet id and table id value.

20. A signal as claimed in claim 18 **[or 19]**, in which a transport stream is provided comprising a generalised table comprising a list of bouquet identity values associated with at least some of the transport streams of another network.

24. A signal as claimed in claim 21 **[any of claims 21 to 23]**, further comprising in one transport stream a table comprising a list of bouquet identity values associated with another transport stream.

25. A signal as claimed in claim 17 **[any of claims 17 to 24]**, in which all bouquet association tables in a digital communication network are identified with a predetermined packet id and table id value.

09/831477

**SIGNALLING OF BOUQUET INFORMATION IN A DIGITAL
TRANSMISSION SYSTEM**

The present invention relates to a method and apparatus for use in a digital transmission system, in particular a digital television system.

Existing digital television systems transmit data in the form of discrete transport stream packets or transport packets, each packet being of a predetermined length and containing a header and a payload. The MPEG-2 standard is the currently favoured standard in this domain and sets out a predetermined format for such packets.

The packet header comprises general descriptive data regarding the packet, whilst the payload comprises the data to be processed at the receiver. The packet header includes at least a packet ID or PID identifying the packet. The payload of the packet may contain audio, video or other data such as conditional access system data or, in particular, application data used by the decoder to set up interactive or other applications. Data within a PID packet may further be divided into a number of tables or sections, identified by a table ID or TID value and, in a yet further precision, a TID extension value.

Data in a conventional transport stream is organised as follows. At the highest level, a programme access table or PAT table lists the PID values of one or more programme map tables or PMT tables, each PMT table being associated with a service within the transport stream. The PMT table in turn refers to the PID values of the packets containing the audio data, video data, application data etc. for that service. As will be understood, whilst a set of services may be considered as corresponding loosely to a television channel, the concept of a service is slightly different, since a digital channel may contain multiple audio and/or visual data streams, only application data etc.

Conventionally, the MPEG-2 standard fixes the PID value of the PAT program access table at 0x00 to enable any MPEG conforming system to immediately access program

data. Other than for this table, and for the conditional access or CAT table, the MPEG-2 standard does not generally define fixed packet ID or table ID values, leaving this as a choice to the implementor of the system.

- 5 In this regard, the work done by other groups, notably the Digital Video Broadcasting or DVB group, complements and elaborates on the MPEG standard. Although not a standardisation body per se, DVB has been active in defining a number of proposed standards relating to digital broadcasting, these standards subsequently being adopted by organisations such as the European Telecommunications Standards Institute or
- 10 ETSI.

- The ETSI standard ETS 300 468 defines characteristics of a number of additional data tables having fixed PID and TID values. These tables include a Network Information Table or NIT, a Service Description Table or SDT and a Bouquet Association Table
- 15 or BAT. For further information, the reader is referred to this published document as well as the associated technical reports ETR 162 and ETR 211, all of which are freely available from the ETSI offices.

- The following discussion will focus on the Bouquet Association Table or BAT. This
- 20 table, at present optional, seems likely to play an increasingly important role in future implementations of broadcast digital television systems.

- Typically, one commercial operator is responsible for the content of a plurality of service channels, these channels being grouped together as a bouquet of services. The
- 25 BAT table is used to provide information regarding the bouquet of services and has a fixed PID, TID value of 0x0011, 0x44. In addition to a list of the services associated with this bouquet, it may also include other information relating to the bouquet, such as subscription details etc.

- 30 A network manager, such as a cable host or satellite service provider, is responsible for the conveyance or transmission of a plurality of transport streams. At present, operator bouquets are rigidly separated between transport streams, each transport

stream carrying only services relating to one bouquet offering. In such circumstances, a transport stream normally only contains a single BAT table which may be easily located and downloaded by a decoder.

- 5 However, the evolution of the market and the increasing syndication of services or channels in a number of bouquets means that this structure is breaking down. As such, it is likely that a bouquet in the future may comprise services spread over a number of different transport streams. Locating BAT table information in such systems will become increasingly important.

10

According to a first aspect of the present invention there is provided a method of transmission of digital information in a digital communication network, the network comprising at least one packet transport stream carrying at least one bouquet related table containing information relating to a commercial bouquet, the method comprising
15 transmitting at least one other table comprising a list of bouquet identity values associated with information identifying at least one transport stream so as to enable identification of at least one of the bouquet related tables with the corresponding said at least one transport stream.

20

A preferred embodiment of this aspect of the present invention provides a method of transmission of digital information in a digital communication network, the network comprising at least one packet transport stream carrying one or more tables containing information relating to a commercial bouquet and characterised in transmitting at least one other table comprising a list of bouquet identity values associated with information
25 identifying at least one transport stream so as to enable identification of some or all of the bouquet related tables with the corresponding transport stream or streams.

30

In particular, the bouquet related table may correspond to a bouquet association table, containing information regarding the services present in a commercial bouquet. Whilst the present invention is particularly applicable in relation to bouquet association tables carrying service information associated with a commercial bouquet, it may also be applied to other tables containing bouquet information, for example application

descriptor tables carrying information regarding interactive applications associated with a bouquet offering.

5 The provision of a table providing an overview of the bouquet association tables in the network and their location within a transport stream enables a receiving device to quickly and effectively identify and filter out a required bouquet association table. This could otherwise prove difficult in the case where a plurality of bouquet association tables are transmitted in a single transport stream since the tables normally all have identical PID, TID values and may only be identified by a TID extension value, which value may not be known to a decoder.

10 A number of implementations are possible. In one embodiment, a generalised table comprising a list of bouquet identity values associated with a plurality of the transport streams in the network is provided, this generalised table being transmitted in each of the corresponding transport streams in the network.

15 In one embodiment, the generalised table may correspond to a network information table or NIT used to convey information regarding all the transport streams in a network. Such a table may include other information such as the tuning frequency of the transport stream etc.

20 The advantage of using a NIT type table to carry the bouquet table data is that the NIT table is accessible via all transport streams in a network. Accordingly, a decoder may download the table at any time and when tuned to any transport stream or service. In particular, since the NIT table is usually downloaded at start up (to enable a decoder to have access to channel frequencies etc.) the decoder may also take in bouquet table information at that time.

30 As will be understood, whilst it is usually advantageous to use a network type table covering all transport streams in the network, partial tables covering a selected group of transport streams within a network may also be envisaged. This will be discussed in further detail below.

In addition to transmission of a generalised table regarding bouquet association table data relating to the network carrying the table, one embodiment may also provide for the transmission in a network transport stream of a generalised table comprising a list of all bouquet ids associated with some or all transport streams of another network.

5

Whilst the use of a generalised table to convey bouquet identity values for all transport streams is particularly convenient, this is not the only possibility and, in other circumstances, other embodiments may be preferable. In particular, in a network comprising a large number of transport streams, these transport streams may be organised in groups, information and services being shared only between the transport streams in each group.

10

In such circumstances, there may be no need to provide a complete universal table covering all BATs in all transport streams in the network and a solution based on use of a partial table covering only transport streams within a group and broadcast on all transport streams within that group may be used.

15

Alternatively, sufficient information may be provided by transmission within each transport stream of one or more transport stream specific tables. Accordingly, according to one embodiment, a transport stream specific table is transmitted in a transport stream, this table comprising a list of bouquet identity values associated with that particular transport stream.

20

Unlike the generalised table, where a list of transport stream id values and bouquet table id values are provided, the link between a bouquet id and a transport stream is simply provided by the fact that a bouquet id is carried in a table specific to a given transport stream.

25

Preferably, the transport stream specific table corresponds to a service description table, used to convey information regarding the services carried in that transport stream. In a particularly preferable embodiment, the bouquet identity values are further associated with each of the services listed in the service description table.

30

In addition to transmitting a table regarding the bouquet ids associated with the transport stream used to convey that table, the method may also comprise transmitting in one transport stream a table comprising a list of bouquet identity values associated with another transport stream, for example, in the same network, or even in another.

5

The present invention is particularly applicable to a method of transmission in which all bouquet association tables are identified with a predetermined packet id and table id value. For example, in a DVB conforming system, all bouquet association tables are identified by the PID, TID values 0x0011, 0x4A.

10

In such an embodiment, each bouquet association table may be identified by a table id extension value, this value corresponding to the bouquet identity value. For example, in a DVB conforming system the table id extension value of a BAT table is identical to the bouquet id assigned to an operator by the European Broadcasting Union.

15

The above description of the present invention has concentrated on a method of transmission of digital information.

20 Viewed from another aspect, the present invention comprises a method of processing digital information received via a digital communication network, the method comprising downloading from a transport stream at least one table comprising a list of bouquet identity values associated with at least one bouquet association table, each bouquet identity value being identified with a corresponding transport stream

25 conveying the bouquet association table, and using this information to download at least one bouquet association table conveyed in at least one transport stream.

30

A preferred embodiment of this aspect of the present invention provides a method of processing digital information received via a digital communication network characterised in downloading from a transport stream at least one table comprising a list of bouquet identity values associated with the or each bouquet association table, the bouquet identity value or values being identified with the corresponding transport

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stream or transport streams conveying the bouquet association table, and using this information to download one or more bouquet association tables conveyed in one or more transport streams.

- 5 Preferred embodiments of such a method may concentrate on the downloading of information as described in relation to the various transmission embodiments, e.g. using generalised network tables, transport stream specific tables etc.

- 10 The present invention has been described above in relation to accessing tables containing bouquet related information. It may however be extended to other sorts of tables having fixed packet identity and table identity values and that may only be distinguished by a table extension value.

- 15 Viewed from another aspect, the present invention comprises a method of transmission of digital information in a digital communication network, the network comprising at least one packet transport stream carrying at least one designated table identified with a fixed packet identity value and a fixed table identity value and having a variable table extension, the method comprising transmitting at least one other table comprising a list of table extension values of said at least one designated table associated with
20 information identifying at least one transport stream carrying said at least one designated table.

- A preferred embodiment of this aspect of the present invention provides a method of transmission of digital information in a digital communication network, the network
25 comprising at least one packet transport stream carrying one or more designated tables identified with a fixed packet identity value and a fixed table identity value and having a variable table extension or similar value and characterised in transmitting at least one other table comprising a list of table extension values of the designated table or tables associated with information identifying at least one transport stream carrying the
30 designated table or tables.

In other aspects, the present invention extends to a transmission system and a decoder

for implementing the above methods, as well as a digital television signal for use in such methods. Thus the present invention extends to a digital television signal comprising at least one transport stream carrying at least one bouquet association table containing information regarding the services provided in a commercial bouquet, the digital television signal including at least one table comprising a list of the bouquet identity values of said at least one bouquet association table together with an indication of the at least one transport stream carrying that table.

The present invention further extends to apparatus for transmitting digital information in a digital communication network, the network comprising at least one packet transport stream carrying at least one bouquet related table containing information relating to a commercial bouquet, said apparatus comprising means, such as a transmitter, for transmitting at least one other table comprising a list of bouquet identity values associated with information identifying at least one transport stream so as to enable identification of at least one of the bouquet related tables with the corresponding said at least one transport stream.

The present invention also extends to apparatus for processing digital information received via a digital communication network, said apparatus comprising means, such as a decoder, for downloading from a transport stream at least one table comprising a list of bouquet identity values associated with at least one bouquet association table, each bouquet identity value being identified with a corresponding transport stream conveying the bouquet association table, and means, such as the decoder, for using this information to download at least one bouquet association table conveyed in at least one transport stream.

The present invention further extends to apparatus for transmitting digital information in a digital communication network, the network comprising at least one packet transport stream carrying at least one designated table identified with a fixed packet identity value and a fixed table identity value and having a variable table extension, said apparatus comprising means, such as a transmitter, for transmitting at least one other table comprising a list of table extension values of said at least one designated

table associated with information identifying at least one transport stream carrying said at least one designated table.

5 The present invention in its various aspects is particularly applicable to a digital television system and, in particular, but not exclusively, a digital television system conforming to the MPEG-2 and DVB standards.

Features described above relating to method aspects of the present invention can also be applied to apparatus aspects, and vice versa.

10

As used herein, the term "digital communication network" includes any network system for transmitting or broadcasting for example primarily audiovisual or multimedia digital data. Whilst the present invention is particularly applicable to a broadcast digital television system, the invention may also be applicable to a fixed telecommunications network for multimedia internet applications, a combination
15 broadcast and fixed telecom network, and so on.

As used herein, the term "digital television system" includes for example any satellite, terrestrial, cable or other system.

20

The term "receiver/decoder" or "decoder" used herein may connote a receiver for receiving either encoded or non-encoded signals, for example, television and/or radio signals, which may be broadcast or transmitted by some other means. The term may also connote a decoder for decoding received signals. Embodiments of such
25 receiver/decoders may include a decoder integral with the receiver for decoding the received signals, for example, in a "set-top box", a decoder functioning in combination with a physically separate receiver, a decoder including additional functions, such as a web browser, or a decoder integrated with other devices such as a video recorder or a television.

30

The term MPEG refers to the data transmission standards developed by the International Standards Organisation working group "Motion Pictures Expert Group"

and in particular but not exclusively the MPEG-2 standard developed for digital television applications and set out in the documents ISO 13818-1, ISO 13818-2, ISO 13818-3 and ISO 13818-4. In the context of the present patent application, the term includes all variants, modifications or developments of MPEG formats applicable to the field of digital data transmission.

In a similar manner, references to "DVB standards" or "DVB proposed standards" refer to draft standard documents prepared by the Digital Video Broadcasting group and subsequently adopted by, inter alia, the European Telecommunication Standards Institute, and in particular, the draft standard ETS 300 468 relating to service information data as well as all variants, modifications or developments thereof.

There will now be described, by way of example only, a preferred embodiment of the invention, with reference to the following figures, in which:

Figure 1 shows the overall architecture of a digital TV system according to this embodiment;

Figure 2 shows the architecture of the conditional access system of Figure 1;

Figure 3 shows the structure of transport packet and table data within a broadcast transport stream;

Figure 4 shows the structure of a Bouquet Association Table carried within the broadcast transport stream of Figure 3;

Figure 5 shows the structure of a Network Information Table carried within the broadcast transport stream of Figure 3; and

Figure 6 shows the structure of a Service Descriptor Table carried within the broadcast transport stream of Figure 3.

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An overview of a digital television broadcast and reception system 1 is shown in Figure 1. The invention includes a mostly conventional digital television system 2 which uses the MPEG-2 compression system to transmit compressed digital signals. In more detail, MPEG-2 compressor 3 in a broadcast centre receives a digital signal stream (for example a stream of audio or video signals). The compressor 3 is connected to a multiplexer and scrambler 4 by linkage 5. The multiplexer 4 receives a plurality of further input signals, assembles one or more transport streams and transmits compressed digital signals to a transmitter 6 of the broadcast centre via linkage 7, which can of course take a wide variety of forms including telecom links.

The transmitter 6 transmits electromagnetic signals via uplink 8 towards a satellite transponder 9, where they are electronically processed and broadcast via a notional downlink 10 to earth receiver 11, conventionally in the form of a dish owned or rented by the end user. The signals received by receiver 11 are transmitted to an integrated receiver/decoder 12 owned or rented by the end user and connected to the end user's television set 13. The receiver/decoder 12 decodes the compressed MPEG-2 signal into a television signal for the television set 13.

A conditional access system 20 is connected to the multiplexer 4 and the receiver/decoder 12, and is located partly in the broadcast centre and partly in the decoder. It enables the end user to access digital television broadcasts from one or more broadcast suppliers. A smartcard, capable of decrypting messages relating to commercial offers (that is, one or several television programmes sold by the broadcast supplier), can be inserted into the receiver/decoder 12. Using the decoder 12 and smartcard, the end user may purchase events in either a subscription mode or a pay-per-view mode.

An interactive system 17, also connected to the multiplexer 4 and the receiver/decoder 12 and again located partly in the broadcast centre and partly in the decoder, may be provided to enable the end user to interact with various applications via a modemmed back channel 16.

Conditional Access System

With reference to Figure 2, in overview the conditional access system 20 includes a Subscriber Authorization System (SAS) 21. The SAS 21 is connected to one or more
5 Subscriber Management Systems (SMS) 22, one SMS for each broadcast supplier, by a respective TCP-IP linkage 23 (although other types of linkage could alternatively be used). Alternatively, one SMS could be shared between two broadcast suppliers, or one supplier could use two SMSs, and so on.

10 First encrypting units in the form of ciphering units 24 utilising "mother" smartcards 25 are connected to the SAS by linkage 26. Second encrypting units again in the form of ciphering units 27 utilising mother smartcards 28 are connected to the multiplexer 4 by linkage 29. The receiver/decoder 12 receives a "daughter" smartcard 30. It is connected directly to the SAS 21 by Communications Servers 31 via the modemmed
15 back channel 16. The SAS sends, amongst other things, subscription rights to the daughter smartcard on request.

The smartcards contain the secrets of one or more commercial operators. The "mother" smartcard encrypts different kinds of messages and the "daughter" smartcards
20 decrypt the messages, if they have the rights to do so.

The first and second ciphering units 24 and 27 comprise a rack, an electronic VME card with software stored on an EEPROM, up to 20 electronic cards and one smartcard 25 and 28 respectively, for each electronic card, one card 28 for encrypting
25 the ECMs and one card 25 for encrypting the EMMs.

The operation of the conditional access system 20 of the digital television system will now be described in more detail with reference to the various components of the television system 2 and the conditional access system 20.

Multiplexer and Scrambler

With reference to Figures 1 and 2, in the broadcast centre, the digital audio or video signal is first compressed (or bit rate reduced), using the MPEG-2 compressor 3. This
5 compressed signal is then transmitted to the multiplexer and scrambler 4 via the linkage 5 in order to be multiplexed with other data, such as other compressed data.

The scrambler generates a control word used in the scrambling process and included
10 in the MPEG-2 stream in the multiplexer. The control word is generated internally and enables the end user's integrated receiver/decoder 12 to descramble the programme.

Access criteria, indicating how the programme is commercialised, are also added to
the MPEG-2 stream. The programme may be commercialised in either one of a
15 number of "subscription" modes and/or one of a number of "Pay Per View" (PPV) modes or events. In the subscription mode, the end user subscribes to one or more commercial offers, or "bouquets", thus getting the rights to watch every channel inside those bouquets. In the preferred embodiment, up to 960 commercial offers may be
20 selected from a bouquet of channels.

In the Pay Per View mode, the end user is provided with the capability to purchase
events as he wishes. This can be achieved by either pre-booking the event in advance
("pre-book mode"), or by purchasing the event as soon as it is broadcast ("impulse
mode"). In the preferred embodiment, all users are subscribers, whether or not they
25 watch in subscription or PPV mode, but of course PPV viewers need not necessarily be subscribers.

Entitlement Control Messages

30 Both the control word and the access criteria are used to build an Entitlement Control Message (ECM). This is a message sent in relation with a scrambled program; the message contains a control word (which allows for the descrambling of the program)

and the access criteria of the broadcast program. The access criteria and control word are transmitted to the second encrypting unit 27 via the linkage 29. In this unit, an ECM is generated, encrypted and transmitted on to the multiplexer and scrambler 4. During a broadcast transmission, the control word typically changes every few seconds, and so ECMs are also periodically transmitted to enable the changing control word to be descrambled. For redundancy purposes, each ECM typically includes two control words; the present control word and the next control word.

Each service broadcast by a broadcast supplier in a data stream comprises a number of distinct components; for example a television programme includes a video component, an audio component, a sub-title component and so on. Each of these components of a service is individually scrambled and encrypted for subsequent broadcast to the transponder 9. In respect of each scrambled component of the service, a separate ECM is required. Alternatively, a single ECM may be required for all of the scrambled components of a service. Multiple ECMs are also generated in the case where multiple conditional access systems control access to the same transmitted program.

Programme Transmission

The multiplexer 4 receives electrical signals comprising encrypted EMMs from the SAS 21, encrypted ECMs from the second encrypting unit 27 and compressed programmes from the compressor 3. The multiplexer 4 scrambles the programmes and sends the scrambled programmes, the encrypted EMMs and the encrypted ECMs to a transmitter 6 of the broadcast centre via the linkage 7. The transmitter 6 transmits electromagnetic signals towards the satellite transponder 9 via uplink 8.

Programme Reception

The satellite transponder 9 receives and processes the electromagnetic signals transmitted by the transmitter 6 and transmits the signals on to the earth receiver 11, conventionally in the form of a dish owned or rented by the end user, via downlink

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10. The signals received by receiver 11 are transmitted to the integrated receiver/decoder 12 owned or rented by the end user and connected to the end user's television set 13. The receiver/decoder 12 demultiplexes the signals to obtain scrambled programmes with encrypted EMMs and encrypted ECMs.

5

If the programme is not scrambled, that is, no ECM has been transmitted with the MPEG-2 stream, the receiver/decoder 12 decompresses the data and transforms the signal into a video signal for transmission to television set 13.

10 If the programme is scrambled, the receiver/decoder 12 extracts the corresponding ECM from the MPEG-2 stream and passes the ECM to the "daughter" smartcard 30 of the end user. This slots into a housing in the receiver/decoder 12. The daughter smartcard 30 controls whether the end user has the right to decrypt the ECM and to access the programme. If not, a negative status is passed to the receiver/decoder 12

15 to indicate that the programme cannot be descrambled. If the end user does have the rights, the ECM is decrypted and the control word extracted. The decoder 12 can then descramble the programme using this control word. The MPEG-2 stream is decompressed and translated into a video signal for onward transmission to television set 13.

20

Entitlement Management Messages (EMMs)

The EMM is a message dedicated to an individual end user (subscriber), or a group of end users. Each group may contain a given number of end users. This organisation

25 as a group aims at optimising the bandwidth; that is, access to one group can permit the reaching of a great number of end users.

Various specific types of EMM can be used. Individual EMMs are dedicated to individual subscribers, and are typically used in the provision of Pay Per View

30 services; these contain the group identifier and the position of the subscriber in that group.

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Group subscription EMMs are dedicated to groups of, say, 256 individual users, and are typically used in the administration of some subscription services. This EMM has a group identifier and a subscribers' group bitmap.

- 5 Audience EMMs are dedicated to entire audiences, and might for example be used by a particular operator to provide certain free services. An "audience" is the totality of subscribers having smartcards which bear the same conditional access system identifier (CA ID). Finally, a "unique" EMM is addressed to the unique identifier of the smartcard.

10

Subscriber Management System (SMS)

- A Subscriber Management System (SMS) 22 includes a database 32 which manages, amongst others, all of the end user files, commercial offers, subscriptions, PPV details, 15 and data regarding end user consumption and authorization. The SMS may be physically remote from the SAS.

- Each SMS 22 transmits messages to the SAS 21 via respective linkage 23 which imply modifications to or creations of Entitlement Management Messages (EMMs) to be 20 transmitted to end users.

- The SMS 22 also transmits messages to the SAS 21 which imply no modifications or creations of EMMs but imply only a change in an end user's state (relating to the authorization granted to the end user when ordering products or to the amount that the 25 end user will be charged).

- The SAS 21 sends messages (typically requesting information such as call-back information or billing information) to the SMS 22, so that it will be apparent that communication between the two is two-way.

30

Subscriber Authorization System (SAS)

5 The messages generated by the SMS 22 are passed via linkage 23 to the Subscriber Authorization System (SAS) 21, which in turn generates messages acknowledging receipt of the messages generated by the SMS 21 and passes these acknowledgements to the SMS 22.

10 In overview the SAS comprises a Subscription Chain area to give rights for subscription mode and to renew the rights automatically each month, a Pay Per View Chain area to give rights for PPV events, and an EMM Injector for passing EMMs created by the Subscription and PPV chain areas to the multiplexer and scrambler 4, and hence to feed the MPEG stream with EMMs. If other rights are to be granted, such as Pay Per File (PPF) rights in the case of downloading computer software to a
15 user's Personal Computer, other similar areas are also provided.

One function of the SAS 21 is to manage the access rights to television programmes, available as commercial offers in subscription mode or sold as PPV events according to different modes of commercialisation (pre-book mode, impulse mode). The SAS
20 21, according to those rights and to information received from the SMS 22, generates EMMs for the subscriber.

The EMMs are passed to the Ciphering Unit (CU) 24 for ciphering with respect to the management and exploitation keys. The CU completes the signature on the EMM and
25 passes the EMM back to a Message Generator (MG) in the SAS 21, where a header is added. The EMMs are passed to a Message Emitter (ME) as complete EMMs. The Message Generator determines the broadcast start and stop time and the rate of emission of the EMMs, and passes these as appropriate directions along with the EMMs to the Message Emitter. The MG only generates a given EMM once; it is the
30 ME which performs cyclic transmission of the EMMs.

On generation of an EMM, the MG assigns a unique identifier to the EMM. When

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the MG passes the EMM to the ME, it also passes the EMM ID. This enables identification of a particular EMM at both the MG and the ME.

- 5 In systems such as simulcrypt which are adapted to handle multiple conditional access systems e.g. associated with multiple operators, EMM streams associated with each conditional access system are generated separately and multiplexed together by the multiplexer 4 prior to transmission.

- 10 There will now be described the format and organisation of packet and table data within a given transport stream.

Format of Transport Packets and Private Section Data

- 15 As is known, MPEG transport packets are of a fixed length of 188 bytes including a header. In a standard packet, the three bytes of the header following the synchronisation data comprise:

20	TABLE I	Transport error indicator	1 bit
		Payload unit indicator	1 bit
		Transport priority	1 bit
		PID	13 bits
		Transport scrambling control	2 bits
		Adaptation field control	2 bits
		Continuity counter	4 bits

25

The characteristics of these fields are largely determined by the MPEG standard.

- 30 The above describes the format of the header of a transport packet. In conformity with the MPEG-2 standard, information contained with a packet payload is subject to a further level of structure according to the type of data being transported. In the case of audio, visual, teletext, subtitle or other such rapidly evolving and synchronised data, the information is assembled in the form of what is known as a packetised elementary

stream or PES. This data stream, which is formed by assembling the payloads of the transmitted packets, itself comprises a sequence of packets, each packet comprising a packet header and payload. Unlike the transmitted packets in the transport stream, the length of PES packets is variable.

5

In the case of some other types of data, such as application data or ECM and EMM data, a different format from PES packeting is proscribed. In particular, data contained in the transport packet payload is divided into a series of sections or tables, the table or section header including a table ID or TID identifying the table in question. A table may also be identified by a further parameter, namely a table ID extension value. Depending on the size of the data, a table may be contained entirely within a packet payload or may be extended in a series of sections over a number of transport packets. In the MPEG-2 context, the term "table" or "section" is often used to refer to a single isolated table of data. The term "section" may also refer to one of a plurality of tables with the same TID value.

10

15

The actual TID or TID extension values used to refer to information carried in private tables or sections are not fixed by the MPEG-2 standard and may be defined at the discretion of the operator of a service or bouquet of services.

20

As with transport packet data and PES packet data, the data structure or syntax of a table or section is nevertheless additionally defined by the MPEG-2 standard. Two possible syntax forms for private table or section data are proposed; a long form or a short form.

25

In both the short and long form, the header of a private table includes at least the data comprising:

30

TABLE II	Table id	8 bits
	Section syntax indicator	1 bit
	Private indicator/reserved	1 bit
	ISO reserved	2 bits

Section length

12 bits

- 5 The private indicator and private section lengths are comprised of data not fixed by the MPEG-2 standard and which may be used by the system operator for his own purposes. For further information regarding table syntax, the reader is referred to the MPEG-2 standard.

Organisation of Data Tables within the Transport Stream

- 10 As shown in Figure 3, the broadcast data transport stream contains a number of packets of standard format, including a programme association table 40 ("PAT"), the PID in the header of the packet being fixed by the MPEG-2 standard at a value of 0x00. The programme access table 40 provides the entry point for access to programme data and contains a table referring to the PID values of the programme
- 15 map tables ("PMT") 41, 42 associated with a given service within the stream. A service is uniquely defined by a triplet of the values original network id, transport stream id and service id.

- Each programme map table 41, 42 contains in turn a reference to the PID values of
- 20 the packet streams of the audio tables 43 and video tables 44 associated with a transmission. As shown, the programme map table 42 also contains references to the PID values of other packets 45, 46 containing additional data relating to the transmission in question, in particular, ECM data generated by a number of conditional access systems and associated with the transmission in question as well as application
- 25 data.

- In addition to the programme access table PAT 40, the MPEG transport stream further comprises a conditional access table 47 ("CAT"), the PID value of which is fixed at 0x01. The CAT table 47 refers to the PID values of MPEG packets 48, 49, 50
- 30 conveying EMM data associated with one or more conditional access systems. As with the PMT packets, the PID values of the EMM packets referred to in the CAT table 47 are not fixed and may be determined at the choice of the system operator.

Outside of the PAT table value and the CAT table value referred to above, the MPEG-2 standard specifies very few fixed PID values. Whilst the MPEG-2 standard foresees the use of other tables, in particular a Network Information Table (NIT), the standard does not dictate the PID value of this or other tables, but merely indicates that they can be addressed via the PAT table, in the same manner as the PMT tables associated with the services in a given transport stream as described above.

As discussed in the introduction, the work done by the Digital Video Broadcasting or DVB group to some extent complements the MPEG-2 set of standards. In particular, the January 1997 version of the DVB proposed European Telecommunication Standard 300 468 sets out the characteristics of a number of other tables and defines their PID and TID values.

The tables defined therein include, inter alia, a Network Information Table (NIT) shown at 51 in Figure 3, a Service Description Table (SDT) shown at 52 and a Bouquet Association Table (BAT) shown at 53, 54. Other tables are also defined in this standard, but will not be discussed hereafter for the sake of brevity.

The NIT table, which will be described in further detail below, contains information regarding each and all of the transport streams carried by a network operator, such as the particular tuning frequency associated with a transport stream etc. This table is obligatory in DVB compatible systems and is typically created by the network manager responsible for relaying the various transport streams, for example, a satellite or cable network manager.

The NIT table may also include information regarding the services in each transport stream also supplied to the network manager by each service provider. The NIT table is universal and is included in all transport streams within that network. As indicated in Figure 3 and as with all MPEG type tables, the NIT table may be in practice divided into a number of sections.

In the DVB standard ETS 300 468, the PID and TID values of the NIT table network

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have been fixed at 0x0010 and 0x40, respectively, overcoming the need to locate the table via the PAT table. The values 0x0010, 0x40 are associated with the NIT table for the host network, that is, the network for which the transport stream containing the NIT table forms a part. It is also foreseen that NIT tables regarding another network
5 may also be carried in the transport stream and such tables are assigned the PID, TID values 0x0010 and 0x41, respectively.

An SDT table within a transport stream is also obligatory in DVB compatible systems. The SDT table contains the unique name of each service, given by the triplet of
10 original network id, transport stream id and service id values, together other parameters regarding each service such as the status of a service (running, not running etc.), timing information etc. As before, the table may be divided into a number of sections.

15 The SDT table is assigned the respective fixed PID, TID values 0x0011, 0x42 by the DVB standard. As with the NIT table, it is also foreseen that a given transport stream may also carry an SDT table regarding information in other transport streams. In such a case, the SDT table is assigned the PID, TID values 0x0011, 0x46.

20 The DVB standard also defines the characteristics of a Bouquet Association Table or BAT, used to group together information regarding the services associated with a service bouquet proposed by a commercial operator. In a given transport stream, a BAT table provides information regarding a bouquet having access to services within that stream. As with the SDT and NIT tables, the BAT table may be divided between
25 a number of sections.

The structure of BAT table as defined by ETS 300 468 is shown in Figure 4. The BAT table contains, inter alia, information regarding the bouquet id, a unique value assigned by the European Broadcasting Union to a bouquet provider. Current holders
30 of bouquet id values are listed in the DVB technical report ETR 162.

The BAT also contains in the descriptor part of the table information regarding each

of the services offered by that bouquet as identified by their unique triplet value described above and associated with the corresponding transport stream. The BAT table may equally be used to carry commercial data, such as subscription details for a given bouquet. As will be described below, the increasing complexity of bouquet offerings in relation to services broadcast over a number of transport streams means that the use of a BAT table will become increasingly important to provide a complete overview of services within a bouquet.

In particular, applications run on a decoder such as an electronic program guide or the like, may use the information contained within the BAT table in their operation, for example, to display program or service information for these services contained within the bouquet or bouquets to which the decoder has access or even to other bouquets. In such a context, it is essential that a decoder be able to distinguish between BAT tables associated with a number of different operators.

In a vertical market, such as exists today, all services within a transport stream are associated with a single bouquet offering and are described by a single BAT table within that transport stream. An operator proposing an alternative bouquet of services uses a separate transport channel to carry his services. In such an environment, each transport channel is associated with a unique bouquet offering and conveys a unique BAT information table.

In certain cases, a service or program may be syndicated to and form part of the bouquet of multiple operators. The news channel CNN typically forms part of the bouquet offered by a number of operators, for example. With the segregation between transport stream and bouquet described above, the service must be recopied into each of the transport streams in question.

With changing market conditions, it is increasingly probable that this sort of organisation of bouquet services and transport channels will not be maintained. A service broadcast in one transport stream may then be associated with a number of bouquets. Correspondingly, a given bouquet may comprise a number of services

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spread over a plurality of transport streams.

In this sort of environment, the situation may arise where multiple BAT tables are carried in a single transport stream, as represented by the BAT tables 53, 54 shown in Figure 3. These BAT tables may represent a bouquet conveying services in that transport stream or even in another transport stream.

Such tables have identical PID, TID values 0x0011, 0x44 and may only be distinguished using a series of unique PID extension values. In practice, these PID extension values are identical to the bouquet id values assigned by an international organisation, such as the European Broadcasting Union. In order to enable a decoder to correctly access a given BAT table amongst the multiple tables included in the transport stream, the TID extension, or bouquet id value must therefore be communicated to the decoder.

The following example of the invention will be discussed in relation to identification of BAT tables within a transport stream. However, the same principle may be applied to other tables containing bouquet related information, such as a table listing interactive applications offered in a bouquet or, indeed, any fixed PID and TID value table that can only be identified by a generally unknown TID extension value.

In one embodiment of the invention, this information may be conveniently located in a NIT table. Referring to Figure 5, the structure of an exemplary NIT table according to the DVB standard is shown. As will be seen, in addition to the part of the table concerning the network itself, the number of sections making up the table etc., the table further includes a second loop of information regarding the characteristics of each of the transport streams carried in the network, indicated by:

```

transport_stream_loop_length          12 bits
for (i=0;i<N;i++){
    transport_stream_id                16 bits
    original_network_id                16 bits

```


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```

reserved_future_use          4 bits
transport_descriptors_length  12 bits
for (j=0;j<N;j++){
5      descriptor()
    }

```

Within the descriptor () part associated with each transport stream identified in the NIT table, it would therefore be convenient to include a description of each of the BAT tables carried within that stream, as follows:

```

10      descriptor_tag          8 bits
      descriptor_length        8 bits
      for (i=0;i<n;i++) {
          bouquet_id           16 bits
15

```

As mentioned above, once created, the NIT table for a network is included in all transport streams carried by that network. In view of the other information contained within the NIT table (transport stream frequency etc.), this table is usually immediately downloaded by a decoder as part of the start-up operations of a decoder, so as to enable the decoder to tune to the correct transport stream frequencies etc.

Introduction of a descriptor section identifiable by a descriptor tag and providing information concerning the BAT table extension values for each BAT table within a transport stream thus enables a decoder to assimilate and store this information during this initial start-up period. Thereafter, applications running within the decoder and requiring access to information contained in one or more BAT tables will possess the TID extension and transport stream id data necessary to select and download a given BAT table within a given transport stream.

Whilst the placement of this information within an NIT table provides a particularly convenient way to enable a decoder to access BAT data for all transport streams in a single operation, other realisations are possible. For example, in an alternative

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embodiment, a section identifying the bouquet id values of the BAT table or tables within a given transport stream may be included within the SDT table associated with that transport stream.

- 5 As described above, SDT tables identified by PID, TID values 0x0011, 0x42 are normally used to carry information regarding each of the services carried in the transport stream containing that table. As will be appreciated, it would be relatively straightforward to introduce in this table a descriptor section containing a list of bouquet ids associated with the BAT tables carried in the particular transport stream
- 10 containing that SDT table.

Referring to Figure 6, the structure of a standard SDT table is shown. In this embodiment, the bouquet id values are linked to a transport stream by the fact that each SDT table is specific to a given transport stream.

- 15 In point of fact, a further level of identification may be carried out by associating the bouquet id values with each of the services listed in the SDT, as defined in the second indented loop of the table. It may be the case, for example, that certain services with a transport stream belong to different bouquet operators. Identification of service
- 20 information with bouquet information enables any decoder downloading the SDT table to identify and handle the services accordingly.

- In particular, the information may be used to identify and select tables other than a BAT table, such as an application description table relating to interactive applications
- 25 carried by the various services.

- In comparison with the NIT based realisation described above, this embodiment suffers from the disadvantage that it is not possible to obtain information regarding the BAT tables across all transport streams in a single operation. However, as mentioned
- 30 above, SDT tables assigned the PID, TID values 0x0011, 0x46 and regarding services in other transport streams may also be conveyed by a transport stream. These tables may also be modified to include information regarding the BAT tables in these

corresponding other transport streams so as to enable a decoder to download BAT table information regarding some or all of the other transport streams handled by the network.

- 5 In certain cases, for example, where transport streams within a network are not all inter-related but are divided into a series of sub-groups, this embodiment may be in practice just as convenient as the use of a universal network table.

- 10 Other embodiments are equally possible, for example, by creating a dedicated table containing bouquet id and transport stream data and identified by a unique PID, TID value pair, to be later defined. This dedicated table may be either generalised and inserted across all transport streams within a network, as with a NIT table, or specific to each transport stream, as with an SDT table. In addition or as an alternative to the assignment of fixed PID, TID values, such a table may also be located or accessible
15 via a reference in another table within the transport stream.

- The bouquet id and transport stream data may also be incorporated within other tables contained within a transport stream, not yet defined and which may be again generalised across the network or specific to a transport stream. For example, the
20 MPEG group is presently considering the introduction of another pre-determined and fixed value table, the Transport Stream Description Table, used primarily to carry information regarding the physical characteristics of a transport stream, and which may be modified to include such information.

- 25 Whilst the above description has concentrated upon the implementation of such a system within the digital satellite TV domain, it will be understood that the invention is equally applicable to digital communication networks in general, such as digital terrestrial television networks, cable networks, combination broadcasting/cable systems etc.

CLAIMS

1. A method of transmission of digital information in a digital communication network, the network comprising at least one packet transport stream carrying at least one bouquet related table containing information relating to a commercial bouquet, said method comprising transmitting at least one other table comprising a list of bouquet identity values associated with information identifying at least one transport stream so as to enable identification of at least one of the bouquet related tables with the corresponding said at least one transport stream.
2. A method as claimed in claim 1, in which a bouquet related table corresponds to a bouquet association table containing information regarding the services present in a commercial bouquet.
3. A method as claimed in claim 1 or 2, in which a generalised table comprising a list of bouquet identity values associated with a plurality of the transport streams in the network is provided, this generalised table being transmitted in each of the corresponding transport streams in the network.
4. A method as claimed in claim 3, in which the generalised table corresponds to a network information table used to convey information regarding all the transport streams in the network.
5. A method as claimed in any preceding claim, in which a transport stream is provided comprising a generalised table comprising a list of bouquet identity values associated with at least some of the transport streams of another network.
6. A method as claimed in claim 1 or 2, in which a transport stream specific table is transmitted in a transport stream, the transport stream specific table comprising a list of bouquet identity values associated with that particular transport stream.

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7. A method as claimed in claim 6, in which the transport stream specific table corresponds to a service description table, used to convey information regarding the services carried in that transport stream.
- 5 8. A method as claimed in claim 7, in which the bouquet identity values are further associated with each of the services listed in the service descriptor table.
9. A method as claimed in any of claims 6 to 8, further comprising transmitting in one transport stream a table comprising a list of bouquet identity values associated with another transport stream.
- 10 10. A method as claimed in any preceding claim, in which all bouquet association tables in a network are identified with a predetermined packet id and table id value.
- 15 11. A method as claimed in claim 10, in which a bouquet association table is identified by a table id extension value, this value corresponding to the bouquet identity value.
- 20 12. A method as claimed in any preceding claim as applied to transmission of a digital television system.
- 25 13. A method of processing digital information received via a digital communication network, said method comprising downloading from a transport stream at least one table comprising a list of bouquet identity values associated with at least one bouquet association table, each bouquet identity value being identified with a corresponding transport stream conveying the bouquet association table, and using this information to download at least one bouquet association table conveyed in at least one transport stream.
- 30 14. A method as claimed in claim 13, comprising downloading a generalised table comprising a list of bouquet identity values associated with a plurality of transport streams in the network.

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15. A method as claimed in claim 13, comprising downloading a transport stream specific table, this table comprising a list of bouquet identity values associated with one particular transport stream.
- 5 16. A method as claimed in any of claims 13 to 15 as applied to reception of digital television signal.
- 10 17. A digital television signal comprising at least one transport stream carrying at least one bouquet association table containing information regarding the services provided in a commercial bouquet, said digital television signal including at least one table comprising a list of the bouquet identity values of said at least one bouquet association table together with an indication of the at least one transport stream carrying that table.
- 15 18. A signal as claimed in claim 17, comprising a generalised table comprising a list of bouquet identity values associated with a plurality of the transport streams in a digital communication network, said generalised table being carried in each of the corresponding transport streams in the network.
- 20 19. A signal as claimed in claim 18, in which the generalised table corresponds to a network information table used to convey information regarding all the transport streams in the network.
- 25 20. A signal as claimed in claim 18 or 19, in which a transport stream is provided comprising a generalised table comprising a list of bouquet identity values associated with at least some of the transport streams of another network.
- 30 21. A signal as claimed in claim 17, in which a transport stream specific table is carried by a transport stream, said transport stream specific table comprising a list of bouquet identity values associated with that particular transport stream.
22. A signal as claimed in claim 21, in which the transport stream specific table

corresponds to a service description table, used to convey information regarding the services carried in that transport stream.

23. A signal as claimed in claim 22, in which the bouquet identity values are further associated with each of the services listed in the service descriptor table.

24. A signal as claimed in any of claims 21 to 23, further comprising in one transport stream a table comprising a list of bouquet identity values associated with another transport stream.

25. A signal as claimed in any of claims 17 to 24, in which all bouquet association tables in a digital communication network are identified with a predetermined packet id and table id value.

26. A signal as claimed in claim 25, in which a bouquet association table is identified by a table id extension value, this value corresponding to the bouquet identity value.

27. A method of transmission of digital information in a digital communication network, the network comprising at least one packet transport stream carrying at least one designated table identified with a fixed packet identity value and a fixed table identity value and having a variable table extension, said method comprising transmitting at least one other table comprising a list of table extension values of said at least one designated table associated with information identifying at least one transport stream carrying said at least one designated table.

28. A method as claimed in claim 27 in which a generalised table comprising a list of table extension values associated with a plurality of the transport streams in the network is provided, this generalised table being transmitted in each of the corresponding transport streams in the network.

29. A method as claimed in claim 27, in which a transport stream specific table is transmitted in a transport stream, this table comprising a list of table extension values

of the at least one designated table associated with that particular transport stream.

30. Apparatus for transmitting digital information in a digital communication network, the network comprising at least one packet transport stream carrying at least one bouquet related table containing information relating to a commercial bouquet, said apparatus comprising means for transmitting at least one other table comprising a list of bouquet identity values associated with information identifying at least one transport stream so as to enable identification of at least one of the bouquet related tables with the corresponding said at least one transport stream.

31. Apparatus for processing digital information received via a digital communication network, said apparatus comprising means for downloading from a transport stream at least one table comprising a list of bouquet identity values associated with at least one bouquet association table, each bouquet identity value being identified with a corresponding transport stream conveying the bouquet association table, and means for using this information to download at least one bouquet association table conveyed in at least one transport stream.

32. Apparatus for transmitting digital information in a digital communication network, the network comprising at least one packet transport stream carrying at least one designated table identified with a fixed packet identity value and a fixed table identity value and having a variable table extension, said apparatus comprising means for transmitting at least one other table comprising a list of table extension values of said at least one designated table associated with information identifying at least one transport stream carrying said at least one designated table.

33. A method of transmission of digital information in a digital communication network substantially as herein described.

34. A method of processing digital information received via a digital communication network substantially as herein described.

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35. A digital television signal substantially as herein described.
36. Apparatus for transmitting digital information in a digital communication network substantially as herein described.
37. Apparatus for processing digital information received via a digital communication network substantially as herein described.

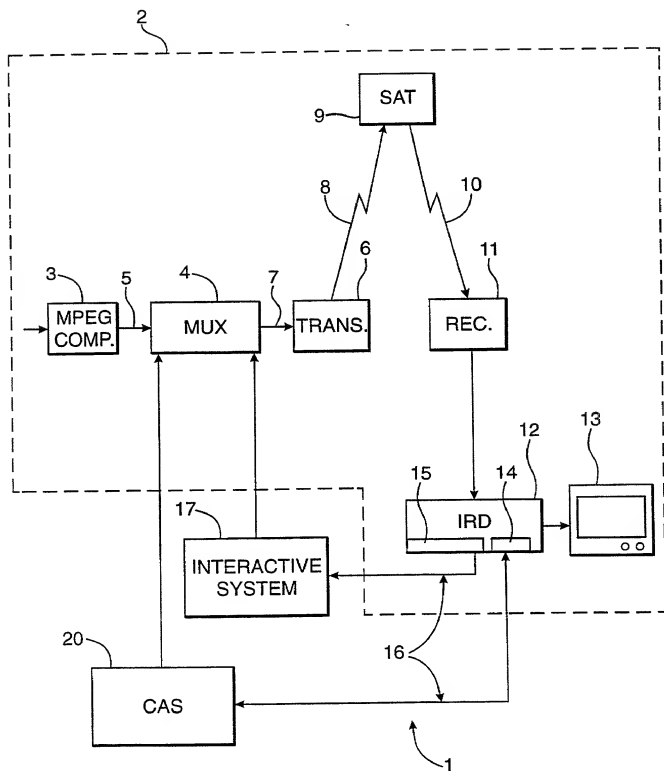
FIG. 1

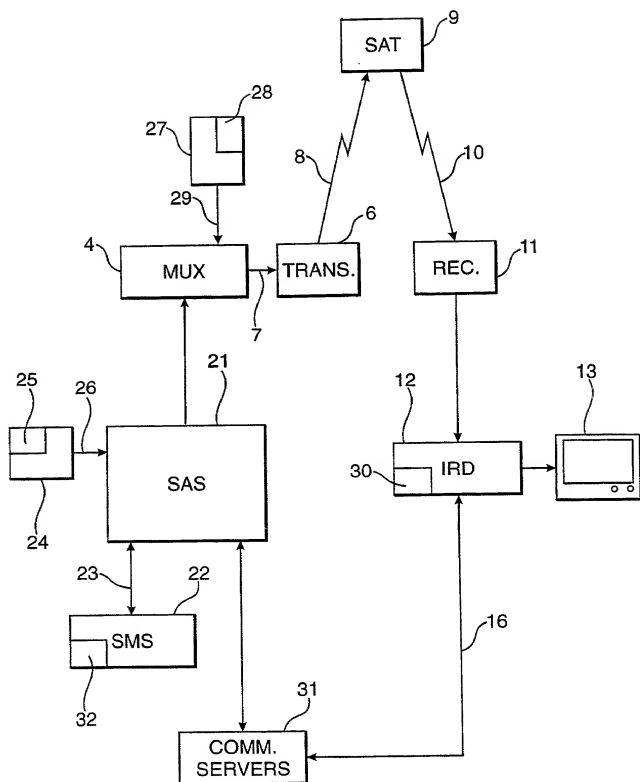
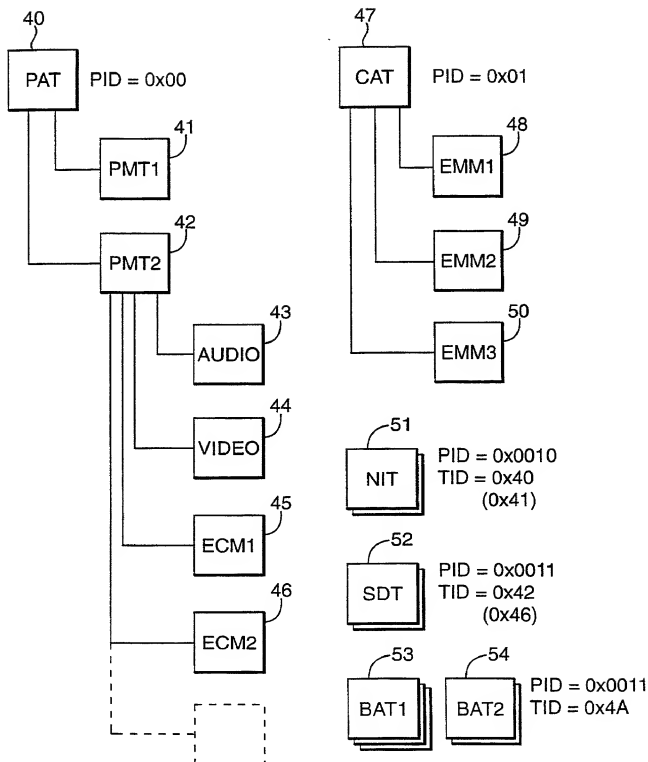
FIG. 2

FIG. 3

BAT table

FIG. 4

Syntax	No. of bits	Identifier
bouquet_association_section(){		
table_id	8	uimsbf
section_syntax_indicator	1	bslbf
reserved_future_use	1	bslbf
reserved	2	bslbf
section_length	12	uimsbf
bouquet_id	16	uimsbf
reserved	2	bslbf
version_number	5	uimsbf
current_next_indicator	1	bslbf
section_number	8	uimsbf
last_section_number	8	uimsbf
reserved_future_use	4	bslbf
bouquet_descriptors_length	12	uimsbf
for(i=0;i<N;i++){		
descriptor()		
}		
reserved_future_use	4	bslbf
transport_stream_loop_length	12	uimsbf
for(i=0;i<N;i++){		
transport_stream_id	16	uimsbf
original_network_id	16	uimsbf
reserved_future_use	4	bslbf
transport_descriptors_length	12	uimsbf
for(j=0;j<N;j++){		
descriptor()		
}		
}		
CRC_32	32	rpchbf
}		

NIT table

Syntax	No. of bits	Identifier
network_information_section(){		
table_id	8	uimsbf
section_syntax_indicator	1	bsbf
reserved_future_use	1	bsbf
reserved	2	bsbf
section_length	12	uimsbf
network_id	16	uimsbf
reserved	2	bsbf
version_number	5	uimsbf
current_next_indicator	1	bsbf
section_number	8	uimsbf
last_section_number	8	uimsbf
reserved_future_use	4	bsbf
network_descriptors_length	12	uimsbf
for(i=0;i<N;i++){		
descriptor()		
}		
reserved_future_use	4	bsbf
transport_stream_loop_length	12	uimsbf
for(i=0;i<N;i++){		
transport_stream_id	16	uimsbf
original_network_id	16	uimsbf
reserved_future_use	4	bsbf
transport_descriptors_length	12	uimsbf
for(j=0;j<N;j++){		
descriptor()		
}		
}		
CRC_32	32	rpchof
}		

FIG. 5

SDT table

Syntax	No. of bits	Identifier
service_description_section()		
table_id	8	uimsbf
section_syntax_indicator	1	bsbf
reserved_future_use	1	bsbf
reserved	2	bsbf
section_length	12	uimsbf
transport_stream_id	16	uimsbf
reserved	2	bsbf
version_number	5	uimsbf
current_next_indicator	1	bsbf
section_number	8	uimsbf
last_section_number	8	uimsbf
original_network_id	16	uimsbf
reserved_future_use	8	bsbf
for (i=0; i<N;i++){		
service_id	16	uimsbf
reserved_future_use	6	bsbf
EIT_schedule_flag	1	bsbf
EIT_present_following_flag	1	bsbf
running_status	3	uimsbf
free_CA_mode	1	bsbf
descriptors_loop_length	12	uimsbf
for (j=0; j<N;j++){		
descriptor()		
}		
}		
CRC_32	32	rpchof

FIG. 6

09/831477

Declaration and Power of Attorney for Patent Application

Déclaration et Pouvoirs pour Demande de Brevet

French Language Declaration

En tant que l'inventeur nommé ci-après, je déclare par le présent acte que:

Mon domicile, mon adresse postale et ma nationalité sont ceux figurant ci-dessous à côté de mon nom.

Je crois être le premier inventeur original et unique (si un seul nom est mentionné ci-dessous), ou l'un des premiers co-inventeurs originaux (si plusieurs noms sont mentionnés ci-dessous) de l'objet revendiqué, pour lequel une demande de brevet a été déposée concernant l'invention intitulée

et dont la description est fournie ci-joint à moins que la case suivante n'ait été cochée:

a été déposée le _____
sous le numéro de demande des Etats-Unis ou le numéro de demande international PCT

_____ et modifiée le _____
(le cas échéant).

Je déclare par le présent acte avoir passé en revue et compris le contenu de la description ci-dessus, revendications comprises, telles que modifiées par toute modification dont il aura été fait référence ci-dessus.

Je reconnais devoir divulguer toute information pertinente à la brevetabilité, comme défini dans le Titre 37, § 1.56 du Code fédéral des réglementations.

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

SIGNALING OF BOUQUET INFORMATION IN A DIGITAL TRANSMISSION SYSTEM

the specification of which is attached hereto unless the following box is checked:

☐ was filed on _____
as United States Application Number or PCT
International Application Number _____
and was amended on _____
(if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, § 1.56.

French Language Declaration

Je revendique par le présent acte avoir la priorité étrangère, en vertu du Titre 35, § 119(a)-(d) ou § 365(b) du Code des Etats-Unis, sur toute demande étrangère de brevet ou certificat d'inventeur ou, en vertu du Titre 35, § 365(a) du même Code, sur toute demande internationale PCT désignant au moins un pays autre que les Etats-Unis et figurant ci-dessous et, en cochant la case, j'ai aussi indiqué ci-dessous toute demande étrangère de brevet, tout certificat d'inventeur ou toute demande internationale PCT ayant une date de dépôt précédant celle de la demande à propos de laquelle une priorité est revendiquée.

Prior foreign application(s)

Demande(s) de brevet antérieure(s)

PCT/B99/01841

(Number)

(Numéro)

PCT

(Country)

(Pays)

05/11/1999

(Day/Month/Year Filed)

(Jour/Mois/Année de dépôt)

☐

Priority Not Claimed

Droit de priorité revendiqué

98402774.8

(Number)

(Numéro)

EP

(Country)

(Pays)

09/11/1998

(Day/Month/Year Filed)

(Jour/Mois/Année de dépôt)

☐

Je revendique par le présent acte tout bénéfice, en vertu du Titre 35, § 119(e) du Code des Etats-Unis, de toute demande de brevet provisoire effectuée aux Etats-Unis et figurant ci-dessous.

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, § 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below.

(Application No.)

(N° de demande)

(Filing Date)

(Date de dépôt)

(Application No.)

(N° de demande)

(Filing Date)

(Date de dépôt)

Je revendique par le présent acte tout bénéfice, en vertu du Titre 35, § 120 du Code des Etats-Unis, de toute demande de brevet effectuée aux Etats-Unis, ou en vertu du Titre 35, § 365(c) du même Code, de toute demande internationale PCT désignant les Etats-Unis et figurant ci-dessous et, dans la mesure où l'objet de chacune des revendications de cette demande de brevet n'est pas divulgué dans la demande antérieure américaine ou internationale PCT, en vertu des dispositions du premier paragraphe du Titre 35, § 112 du Code des Etats-Unis, je reconnais devoir divulguer toute information pertinente à la brevetabilité, comme défini dans le Titre 37, § 1.56 du Code fédéral des réglementations, dont j'ai pu disposer entre la date de dépôt de la demande antérieure et la date de dépôt de la demande nationale ou internationale PCT de la présente demande:

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, § 120 of any United States application(s), or § 365(c) of any PCT International application designating the United States, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT International application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, § 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, § 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT International filing date of this application.

(Application No.)

(N° de demande)

(Filing Date)

(Date de dépôt)

(Status) (patented, pending, abandoned)

(Statut) (breveté, en cours d'examen, abandonné)

(Application No.)

(N° de demande)

(Filing Date)

(Date de dépôt)

(Status) (patented, pending, abandoned)

(Statut) (breveté, en cours d'examen, abandonné)

Je déclare par le présent acte que toute déclaration ci-incluse est, à ma connaissance, véridique et que toute déclaration formulée à partir de renseignements ou de suppositions est tenue pour véridique; et de plus, que toutes ces déclarations ont été formulées en sachant que toute fausse déclaration volontaire ou son équivalent est passible d'une amende ou d'une incarcération, ou des deux, en vertu de la Section 1001 du Titre 18 du Code des Etats-Unis, et que de telles déclarations volontairement fausses risquent de compromettre la validité de la demande de brevet ou du brevet délivré à partir de celle-ci.

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number

French Language Declaration

POUVOIRS: En tant que l'inventeur cité, je désigne par la présente l'(les) avocat(s) et/ou agent(s) suivant(s) pour qu'ils poursuive(nt) la procédure de cette demande de brevet et traite(nt) toute affaire s'y rapportant avec l'Office des brevets et des marques (*mentionner le nom et le numéro d'enregistrement*).

Adresser toute correspondance à:

①

POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith: (*list name and registration number*).

Send Correspondence to:

Jonathan P. Osha, Reg. No. 33,986

Adresser tout appel téléphonique à: (*nom et numéro de téléphone*)

Direct Telephone Calls to: (*name and telephone number*)

Jonathan P. Osha 713/228-8600

Nom complet de l'unique ou premier inventeur	1-00	Full name of sole or first inventor	Francois Rey
Signature de l'inventeur	Date	Inventor's signature	Date 17/05/01
Domicile		Residence	10, avenue du Professeur Calmette, F-92130 Issy les Moulineaux, France
Nationalité		Citizenship	France FRX
Adresse postale		Post Office Address	10, avenue du Professeur Calmette, F-92130 Issy les Moulineaux, France
Nom complet du second co-inventeur, le cas échéant	2-00	Full name of second joint inventor, if any	Philippe Poulain
Signature du second inventeur	Date	Second Inventor's signature	Date 10/05/01
Domicile		Residence	23, rue Alain Chartier, F-75015 Paris, France FRX
Nationalité		Citizenship	France
Adresse postale		Post Office Address	23, rue Alain Chartier, F-75015 Paris, France

(Fournir les mêmes renseignements et la signature de tout co-inventeur supplémentaire.)

(Supply similar information and signature for third and subsequent joint inventors.)